

"WARMER TOMORROW"

When the weather man says that along here in July it's time for Dixie Weaves.

THE REASON we have so much to say about these ideal summer clothes made by Hart Schaffner & Marx is because we can give the men of this town so much satisfaction with them.

They fit, keep shape; they're cool, stylish; they wear well; they're guaranteed to satisfy you—you can't say that about most summer clothes.

Dixie Weaves come in all the best military styles for young men and in more sedate styles for older men; get yours now.



Prices
\$15 to \$25

Palm Beach, Mohairs and Cool Cloth Suits from the "House of Keep-Kool"

\$10, \$12.50, \$15

STEVENSON-WILSON CO.

BRITISH MAKE MINOR GAINS

NOTHING OF EXPECTED HUN OF OFFENSIVE YET DEVELOPED ON FRENCH FRONT.

(By the Associated Press)
London, July 11.—The British improved their lines last night south of the Somme east of Villers-Bretonneux in local operations, the war office announces. The Germans again last night bombarded somewhat heavily British positions east of Amiens, on both sides of the Somme, the statement adds.

Army Casualty List.
Washington, July 11.—Today's army casualty list contained sixty-eight names, divided as follows:
Killed in action 5
Died of wounds 10
Died of disease 2
Died accident and other causes 26
Wounded severely 26
Wounded slightly 1
Missing in action 23
Private Noah M. Muliken, Enville, Okla., died of wounds and Private Dewey L. Simmons, Newalla, Okla., is missing in action.

Marine Casualty List.
Washington, July 11.—Today's marine corps casualty list contained thirty-five names, divided as follows:
Killed in action 4
Died of wounds 4
Wounded severely 18
Corporal O. P. Marlin, Ringling, Oklahoma, was in the list of wounded severely in action.

INTERESTING COURSE OF LECTURES AT NORMAL

Dr. McKeever delivered the first of his lectures at the normal today and will deliver the next one at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. The subject of this one will be, "The Reacher as a leader of his community." At 11 o'clock he will speak again on Education and the Struggle for World Democracy.

Dr. McKeever is a man of unusual ability and a deep student and thinker. The lectures are timely and of great interest. The general public is cordially invited.

AWAITING MOVE BY GERMANS

ALLIED RAIDS ONLY ACTIVITY. MORE RAIDS IN ALBANIAN CAMPAIGN.

(By the Associated Press)
German artillery and aerial activity has increased on the Flanders battle field but the infantry still held in check. Elsewhere on the western front there has been no marked activity except southwest of Soissons where the French have advanced and further improved their positions.

Under Franco-Italian pressure Austrian troops in Albania have retired beyond the Berat-Fier line in the Skumbi river direction. Fighting in the Macedonian theater has spread eastward and the Bulgarians are making a strong attack north of Monastir, apparently to draw allied attention from Albania. The Bulgarian attacks were repulsed with heavy losses by the French.

French Capture Corey.
Paris, July 11.—French troops last night captured the town of Corey on the front south west of Soissons, the war office announces. Besides taking complete possession of Corey, including the railway station, the French took Chateau and farm of St. Paul to the south of Corey.

NEWS BREVITIES OF THE DAY

(By the Associated Press)
London, July 11.—The moving picture has acquired a sudden and enormous popularity in Jerusalem, particularly among the native population, according to letters from soldiers there. It is impossible to accommodate the crowds that try to attend the theaters. People almost fought to get into a big theatre when the film depicting the occupation of Beersheba was shown.

Amsterdam, July 11.—The first number of a novel casualty list has just appeared in Germany. It contains the numbers of watches found among the belongings of men killed in action who cannot be otherwise identified. Watches when sold or repaired are usually marked and numbered by the watchmaker and recorded, and the German military authorities, by circulating this new casualty list among watchmakers throughout Germany, hope to establish the identity of many dead soldiers.

New York, July 11.—A new method of profiteering in Germany was disclosed in the Reichstag recently when Socialist Deputy, Maerfeld, declared that private contractors were making millions from government contracts for the manufacture of door knobs to replace the metal knobs seized under the recent order of the German government.

London, July 11.—The "last will" of Alexander Selkirk, the original of Robinson Crusoe, was sold at auction here this month for \$200. The will begins: "Being now bound out on a voyage to sea, and calling to mind the perils and dangers of the seas and other uncertainties of this transitory life."

New York, July 11.—A German letter carrier with a record of twenty-six years of service in Soemmerda was recently sentenced to serve three months in prison for "stealing" thirty-five coffee beans which had fallen from a parcel post package in the post office, says the Berlin Tageblatt.

NOTICE EASTERN STAR.
Ada Chapter No. 78, O. E. S., will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in regular session and for the purpose of degree work. A good attendance requested.—Mrs. Minnie Winn, W. M.

NOTICE MASONS.
Brother Owens having been called home on account of serious illness in his family the school of instruction has been brought to a close, for the present. The meeting called for tonight has been postponed until Friday night when there will be work in the Entered Apprentice Degree.—John Thrasher, W. M.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

IF I could groan at formal teas Or other functions stiff with style I shouldn't mind—the torture is To have to stand the things and smile.



WEATHER REPORT.
A fair day is the prospect for Friday as the weather man sees it.

POSSES SURROUND TRAIN ROBBERS

DOZEN MEN WHO RAIDED MAIL AND EXPRESS CARS LOCATED IN TIMBER.

(By the Associated Press)
Pauls, Kan., July 11.—A posse of 200 or more men today was patrolling the banks of the Marais de Cygne river near here waiting to rush a large patch of timber in which a dozen men who late last night held up the Katy train at Koch siding near here and shot three persons, one of them Mrs. L. D. Williams of Achille, Okla., and looted the express and mail cars, are thought to be hiding. Details of the robbery seem to indicate that the bandits shot up the train only to terrorize the passengers. The sum of money taken from the mail bags and express safe could not be estimated today but is thought to be small. When two cars were stripped of valuables the bandits fled in automobiles.

GERMAN AIRMEN KILL FIFTY BELGIAN GIRLS.

London, July 11.—In a recent German raid on the Belgians more than fifty girls were killed by air bombs launched upon an ambulance park at La Panne, behind the Yser front. According to a special dispatch from the Hague, fifty bombs were dropped in the immediate neighborhood of the park and several struck a large villa about a hundred yards from the hospital.

Of the many girls in the villa, engaged in making bandages and repairing linen for the wounded, thirty were instantly killed or died from injuries within a few minutes. Forty injured were removed from the villa, of whom twenty-four died later.

85 MEN ORDERED TO CAMP GREENLEAF

The next quota of eighty-five men from Pontotoc county will leave Ada Monday, July 22. They will be sent to Camp Greenleaf, Lytle, Georgia, for their training preparatory to being sent to France. The local board will have the names of the men ready for publication in a few days. This will almost exhaust class 1 registrants last year and the next call will probably include some of those registered in June of this year.

TRAIN FROM CAMP BOWIE WRECKED

Shreveport, La., July 11.—Four coaches of an eastbound troop train carrying soldiers from Camp Bowie, Texas, on the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific railroad were overturned into a railroad ditch between Haughton and Doylene, La.

The accident occurred seventeen miles from Shreveport early today.

A long distance telephone message from Dr. J. K. Sheppard of Haughton from near the scene of the wreck shortly after 1 o'clock this morning said that no one had been killed.

Six soldiers were more or less seriously injured.

Two men were pinned under the wreckage, but were not believed mortally hurt.

The names of the injured could not be ascertained today.

BELGIAN SOVEREIGNS FLY TO ENGLAND

London, July 11.—King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium reached England in an airplane whence they came last Saturday to attend the silver anniversary of King George and Queen Mary, it was learned today.

The King and Queen of Belgium attended today a concert given by the famous Belgian orchestra which is visiting London. Speaking at this function, Earl Curzon, member of the War Cabinet, said of the royal couple.

On Saturday morning they flew over here. They were the first King and Queen to descend upon our coast from the sky, to welcome our own King and Queen on the memorable occasion on Saturday last and to show their sympathy with the wounded sailors and soldiers. The King and Queen of the Belgians took a short respite from their life of watching and waiting in the angle of Belgium which is still left to them—watching for the next assault of the brutal enemy.

The Belgian King and Queen were greeted with great enthusiasm at the concert where thousands of Belgians had assembled.

SEMINOLE BOY KILLED IN FRANCE.

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, July 11.—Private Ernest Carter of Seminole, Oklahoma, died of wounds received at the French front.



A Stunning Cadillac Dress For Your Dolly

Nothing can make Mistress Dolly look so pretty, nor her Girl Mother so happy as one of these dear little Cadillac Doll Dresses. Designed and made by the very same people, with the very same skill and of the very same materials that Cadillac Little Girls Dresses are made. It takes only 10 cents and a label from a Cadillac Dress and send it to the factory then receive a new Cadillac Dress for your dolly.

SEE OUR LINE OF CADILLAC DRESSES FOR GIRLS, JUNIORS, AND MISSES.

Shaw's
DEPARTMENT STORE
S.M. SHAW, PROP.
Established in 1902 ADA, OKLA.
PHONE 77

SOLDIER HANGED AT CAMP MAC ARTHUR

(By the Associated Press)
Waco, Texas, July 11.—Nat Hoffman, former member of the supply company, nineteenth field artillery, fifth brigade, was hanged in the stockade at Camp MacArthur this morning after conviction by court martial on a charge of criminal assault on an eleven year old school girl near camp last April. Washington affirmed the sentence after reviewing the case.

ROBERTSON WILL SPEAK HERE TONIGHT

Judge J. B. A. Robertson will address the voters at 8 o'clock this evening on his candidacy for governor. He was scheduled for several addresses in various parts of the county today and concludes a hard day of work at Ada. He has been here on several former occasions and has always drawn a good sized crowd.

To the Families of Enlisted Men:

The Home Service Department of the American Red Cross is established to confer and assist you in any way they can, in regard to your allowance, or other problems.

If there are any who are not receiving their allotments regularly, will you kindly notify Red Cross headquarters, phone 816?

J. M. WINTERSMITH, Chapter Chairman.
MRS. ORVILLE SNEAD, Secretary.
R. W. SIMPSON, Chairman Home Service.

Choir Practice Tonight.

Every singer of the Christian church is urged to be present at 8:30 tonight for a final rehearsal for our services next Sunday.—C. E. Cunningham, Director.

SHELL EXPLOSION WRECKS ARSENAL

(By the Associated Press)
Philadelphia, July 11.—Two workmen are known to be dead and twelve injured in an explosion today at the government arsenal at Frankford, a suburb of this city. The explosion is said to have been caused by workmen dropping a loaded shell.

Will Not Make Queen Esther Trip.

About fifty of the Queen Esther players were at the normal last night to discuss the proposed trip to Camp Bowie for the benefit of the Red Cross and soldier boys. It was decided not to undertake this trip. The proposition of presenting the cantata at Roff on Friday night of this week was then taken up and practically all were in favor of it, and a committee was appointed to confer with the Roff citizens, and because of the short time in which to advertise it it was decided best not to undertake its presentation at this time. So this is probably the end of the Queen Esther company, as many of the members are normal students and they will leave for their homes next week. The committee wishes to thank all who have in any way assisted in making the cantata such a splendid success.

Attention Knitters.

Ladies: Pontotoc County Chapter has been assigned its quota for July, August and September.

We have never fallen short of a pledge, and certainly hope we will not fail in this.

Mrs. Sledge, chairman of knitting is anxious to organize a "sock-a-week" club. 202 women knitting one sock a week can fill our quota, which is 1212 pairs.

This seems a small thing to do. How many women of Ada and Pontotoc County will pledge that much? Please phone your name to Red Cross headquarters.

Where are the surgical dressing workers? You certainly don't think they are not needed.

It is true there is a shortage of gauze, but we are fortunate in having about 10,000 yards on hand, but we don't want to keep it on hand. It is needed at the front and needed badly.

Button hole workers are badly needed. This is light work and we have delightful rooms.

Come and bring someone with you.—Mrs. Orville Sneed, Secretary.

Old papers for sale at 5 cents per bundle at News Office.

Soda Drinks

Try our Soda Drinks—try our Cold Sparkling Soda. You will have to remember that Sugar is very scarce, and all Soda Fountains may be forced to use substitutes of Invert Sugars and Corn Syrup Compounds, but this will always be pure when served at our Fountain.

TRY OUR REAL COCA COLA—5c

Virginia Strawberry Cream Soda—15c

Ada and Steffen's Ice Cream

Gwir & Mays Drug Co.

New Organdie Waists

Wonderfully Pretty
\$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50

New, cool, crisp, mid-summer waists in plain tailored, pin tucked styles, and others more fancy trimmed with fine laces. All sizes.

The Surprise Store
Established 1903
115-117 West Main St.
Phone 117

The Ada Evening News

By THE NEWS PUBLISHING AND PRINTING COMPANY
ADA, OKLAHOMA.

BYRON NORRELL, Pres. and Editor
Wm. D. LITTLE, Associate Editor
OTIS B. WEAVER, Vice-President
MILES C. GRIGSBY, Business Mgr.

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Member of the Associated Press
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

An optimist rejoices at the brightness of the sun; the pessimist rejoices when he finds spots on the surface of the great luminary.

Winning the war is the paramount business of the nation at this time and while very little attention is being paid to the political campaign, the voters should take time to weigh carefully the ability of every candidate and vote accordingly. There has never been a time in American history when it was more important that all offices be filled with capable men. The men who can render most service in winning the war and act quickly in emergencies are the ones who should be chosen this year. The voters can render no better service at this time than elect such men to office.

The forced resignation of von Kuehlmann indicates that the junker, or military party of Germany, is still in the saddle and determined to stake everything on a test of strength on the battlefield. It is said that von Kuehlmann had the approval of the kaiser when he made the statement in his speech that victory in the field was not hoped for but if he did the kaiser was soon forced to take back water and to make a scape goat of his cabinet minister for his utterance. There is no ground to hope for peace with Germany until a decisive defeat is inflicted on the army. The people are too deeply imbued with the spirit of reverence for their rulers and too much accustomed to obey their will without question to attempt to force a peace no matter how great their own burdens and sufferings may be.

DISABLED SOLDIERS WILL LEARN TRADES

New York, July 10.—American soldiers crippled in the war are to be given every opportunity, in addition to war risk insurance indemnity and pensions, to learn new trades or professions in order that they may resume their place of usefulness in civil life without the handicaps that ordinarily surround a man deprived of arms, legs, sight or hearing. One of the most interesting institutions that has been established here as a result of the war, is the Red Cross Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men at 311 Fourth Avenue.

Storage Batteries Charged
Storage Batteries Rebuilt
Use Our Battery while Yours is being repaired

Automobile Owners

Does Your Self Starter Work?
Are Your Lights Bright?

If not, have the Ada Battery Hospital make a thorough test of your storage battery, and locate your trouble. This service is free.

A NEW BATTERY SHOP

The Ada Battery Hospital has rented space in the Chaney & Bates service station (Dodge Agency) on East Main Street. Mr. Edward Haynes is the battery mechanic who will do the work. Mr. Haynes is a thorough Battery man, with years of repairing and factory experience. He understands the chemical, as well as the electrical part of storage batteries, and has the delicate instruments necessary to do the work, and knows how to use them.

Ada Battery Hospital will open for business Saturday, June 29th. Bring your battery troubles to us and know they will be handled properly, by factory methods.

Ada Battery Hospital

Chaney & Bates Service Station Building
(Dodge Agency)

where four schools, the nuclei of others that are, it is said, to be organized in Chicago, St. Louis and other places, are now under way teaching crippled the manufacture of artificial limbs, linotype and monotype operating, mechanical drafting and oxyacetylene welding. These four local schools have a teaching capacity for 300 men.

The recent passage by Congress of the Smith-Sears bill, providing an appropriation of \$2,000,000 to be used in the discretion of the Federal Board of Vocational Education contemplated, it is said, the elaboration of the plans which are now being worked out in this city. Soon, it is thought, there will be additional schools in many other parts of the United States and other studies and trades will be added to the list. The new law authorizes the commandeering of private and public institutions for the re-education of crippled soldiers and sailors and, where necessary, the building of new schools.

Four trades were selected for the New York school because they were not overcrowded. Frank R. Bigler, a cripple for 31 years and minus a leg and an arm, is the industrial agent of the Institute which was founded about a year ago by Jeremiah Milbank with an initial endowment of \$50,000 and a building in which to carry on its work. Mr. Bigler came from Kansas City, Mo., his services being loaned by an industrial corporation there, to instill optimism and good cheer into the minds of all returning war cripples.

Douglas C. McMurtrie, director of the Institute, a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and in charge of the department of printing at Columbia University, has made a study of the social and economic reconstruction of cripples for more than eight years.

Mr. McMurtrie made it clear that while the Institute has no official arrangement with the government authorities relative to the utilization of its facilities in the rehabilitation of war cripples, that department being in charge of Surgeon General and sailors are discharged from army and navy hospitals then the Institute will offer them every chance to "come back." Positions will be found for the men and, where they are unable to pay expenses while learning their new trade, funds will be advanced them as a loan to enable them to continue their training until competent to take a job.

The Institute, however, is a National activity of the American Red Cross, responsible to the War Council through the Director General of Military Relief, Jesse H. Jones. It is the only non-commercial institution of the kind in the United States, says Mr. McMurtrie, and its purpose is broadly humanitarian, taking in civilian as well as military cripples. It is not a charitable institution but intended to be self-supporting.

"Already the national authorities have gone on record," said Mr. McMurtrie, "as accepting without reservation responsibility for the after-care of men injured in the service. The Surgeon-General's office of the War Department is now preparing to provide for wounded men, not only medical and surgical care, but also the curative advances afforded by the simpler forms of occupation. The government is further inaugurating vocational training having as its object rehabilitation for self-support. The government, however, is disposed to make use of, under due supervision, such private assistance as may be offered and found of value."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo.

Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918.

A. W. CLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, Etc.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

DRASTIC ACTION BY COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

The County Council of Defense has completed plans for handling the slackers and disloyal people in the county. At a meeting of the Executive committee Wednesday afternoon, it was decided that regular meetings would be held hereafter every two weeks, at which times complaints will be heard against those men or women who have not bought as many liberty bonds or thrift stamps as they should have bought or have made disloyal remarks or failed to subscribe their quota to Red Cross or other war activities.

The first meeting will be held at 9 o'clock on the morning of July 23 and thereafter every two weeks. All hearings will be held in the court house and be conducted as a regular court. Hon. E. S. Kerr of Roff will preside at all public hearings and Hon. Robert Wimbish will represent the County Council. The accused person will have the right to have his attorney if he chooses to do so.

Five days notice will be given every person accused of being a slacker and he will have plenty of time to make up his case. If mistakes have been made in the assessment, the Council will correct it.

In case a person is notified to be present on a certain date and fails to appear, the sheriff will arrest him and bring him in at the following hearing.

The letter which has just gone out to all of the school district chairmen says:

"The County Council of Defense has had continuous complaint brought before it of certain parties who are financially or otherwise able to assist in winning the war, and who have persistently refused to render such assistance in the prosecution. These refusals are in the nature of a failure to purchase Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps and to contribute to the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and other war activities.

"At a full meeting of the Executive Committee of the Pontotoc County Council of Defense, it was decided that some action should be taken against such persons—persons who are enjoying unusual prosperity while our soldier boys are giving their all for our country. There may be some few cases where the public has overestimated the financial ability of some of the people, and it is not the intention of the County Council of Defense to do anyone an injustice. It was, therefore, decided that all District Chairmen, as well as other loyal citizens interested, shall report this class of people to the County Council of Defense. If the complaint is supported by what appears to be sufficient evidence, the accused persons will be cited to appear at a public hearing to be had on their cases before a full meeting of the Council. These meetings will be held at the Court House in the city of Ada, twice a month. The first of these meetings will be held on Monday, the 29th day of July, 1918, at 9 o'clock A. M.

"Let it be understood that the County Council of Defense is NOT A LOCAL ORGANIZATION, but is a national organization with Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States at its head and the Governors of the several states at the head of each state organization, and its members of County Executive Committees are appointed by such Governors, and take an oath to make such investigations as the state and national organizations call for. In press this fact upon your people, and especially upon those who have failed to do their duty in the prosecution of our various war activities.

"The following form will be used in citing any person to appear before the Executive Committee:

COUNCIL OF DEFENSE OF PONTOTOC COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
Department of Public Trials.
In Re Complaint Filed against

You are hereby notified that complaint has been filed with the County Council of Defense of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, that you have failed and are failing to do the part of a loyal citizen and do your share in assisting the Government of the United States of America, in that . . .

You are therefore summoned to appear before the Executive Committee of said County Council of Defense, at the Court House in Ada, Oklahoma, on the . . . day of . . . 1918, at which time you may submit evidence as to the justice of such complaint, and a trial will be had as to your guilt or innocence of said charge.

If you desire to do so you may . . .

and furnish evidence to the Council at its office in Ada, Oklahoma, before the day set for said trial, that you have taken such action, the said complaint will be dismissed.

Witness the hand of said County Council of Defense by its chairman, attested by its Secretary, this . . . day of . . . 1918.

The County Council of Defense of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma.
By . . . Chairman.
Attest:

Secretary,
(Signed) ROBERT WIMBISH,
E. S. KERR,
W. D. LITTLE,
Special Committee.

A coated tongue, bad breath, dizziness and a clogged condition in the bowels can be quickly relieved by using Prickly Ash Bitters. It is pre-eminently efficient in such ailments. Price \$1.25 per bottle.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

Speaking Saturday Night.

Wayne Wadlington, candidate for County Attorney will speak in Ada on the streets on Saturday July 13th at 8:45 P. M. Ladies invited.
7-10-4c

CASE WHERE TRUE LOVE STOOD TEST

Rich Ranch Owner Becomes
"Substitute" for His Boyhood
Chum.

IS NOW IN FRANCE

Drafted, Rejected, Faces Death at Surgeon's Hands to Spare Man Who Married Girl He Himself Loved.

Fort Collins, Colo.—Joseph Emmett O'Neill, wealthy ranch owner in Colorado, rejected for military service under the draft, is with the United States army in France, taking the place of Walter Howard Stone, boyhood chum, who married the girl that O'Neill loved. The romance is one of renunciation akin to that of Sidney Carton in Dickens' famous "Tale of Two Cities," and calls to mind the passages of Scripture recorded in St. John 15:13 "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

Romance Began in Youth.
Joseph Emmett O'Neill and Walter Howard Stone were born in Fort Collins, a college town in Colorado. The former was of a wealthy family, which owned great ranches that reached across the plains into the Rocky mountains. The parents of Stone were pioneers in the community and in modest circumstances. The girl in the romance was Marion Palmer, whose father was one of the founders of the college and prominent in Colorado's financial and social life. The three families lived in the same block in Fort Collins, and when school days were over and Marion became Miss Palmer, both young men became suitors for her hand.

Walter Stone became a bank clerk and was ambitious to rise in his profession. O'Neill, whose father had died, came into possession of the family fortune and the management of the ranches. The race was neck-and-neck for Miss Palmer's hand.

Of course, in the nature of things, that state of affairs could not go on. Finally Miss Palmer's heart began to affect her neutrality. Then she summoned the two young men before her



Submitted to an Operation.

and demanded that they be friends, no matter which was selected to be her husband. They agreed. Miss Marion, as girls sometimes do, followed the inclinations of her heart, and selected Stone, whose salary was meager. In preference to O'Neill and his wealth. Then came the draft.

Stone was summoned before the draft board and passed. He was placed in class 1 and filed no claim for exemption. O'Neill was examined and rejected. In February Stone was ordered to report. By this time an interesting event was presaged in the Stone home, and he asked for more time. The draft board was powerless, and his wife became seriously ill because of worry. O'Neill was watching. He visited a noted surgeon in Denver and asked for an operation. He was told that his chances for recovery would be two in five, but he elected the operation.

O'Neill Became a Substitute.
Three weeks after the operation O'Neill returned to Fort Collins, sound and whole, and demanded a new examination. He passed as "qualified for military service." Then he asked that he be substituted for Stone. The draft board was unable to make such a substitution, but because of the urgent appeal of O'Neill they finally summoned Stone for re-examination because of nervous breakdown. O'Neill won his fight. Then he went further. He called Stone from his bank job and placed him in charge of the O'Neill ranches, which yield \$50,000 a year. O'Neill stipulated that Stone manage the ranches on a "50-50" basis. And O'Neill went to war.

Marion Stone is now well and happy, following the arrival of a new member in the Stone family, a boy, who has been named Joseph Emmett Stone. Now the father, who has regained his former health, is asking that he, too, be allowed to go to the army, and, if possible, be assigned to duty with O'Neill.

These crisp summer salads are delicious with MAZOLA salad dressing



FOLKS everywhere these days are discovering Mazola for salad dressings—the pure golden oil from corn, fine and delicate. Equal to the highest grades of olive oil, and much better than most oils you get today.

Mazola costs less than half as much as good olive oil.

And for your cooking, too—frying, sautéing, shortening—Mazola is a great improvement over animal fats.

Food cooked with Mazola is light, digestible—never heavy or soggy.

Mazola does not absorb odors or flavors—can be used over and over. Being an oil it is ready for use—can be measured exactly—saves time, prevents waste.

Did You Ever Try Shaking Up Your French Dressing?

3 tablespoons Mazola 1/4 teaspoon pepper
1 tablespoon vinegar 1 teaspoon Worcestershire
2-4 Sauce
Put all the ingredients together at once. Mix thoroughly and well emulsified by shaking well in glass jar with tight lid—or it may be whipped with egg beater. This saves the bother of adding oil drop by drop and makes a perfectly blended dressing.

If you want to be sure of a pure, golden oil—always the same, delicate and delicious for all cooking and salad uses—see that you get Mazola. Mazola is always uniform. Its preparation is scientific and exact.

For sale in pints, quarts and gallons. (The large sizes are especially economical.) Get a can from your grocer today.

There is a valuable Cook Book for Mazola users. It shows you how to fry, sauté, make dressings and sauces more delicious, make light, digestible pastry. Should be in every home. Send for it or ask your grocer. FREE.



MAZOLA

The Delicious Salad and Cooking Oil
Produced by the CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
30 N. 1st St. NEW YORK

AVIATORS' SPIRIT OF SELF SACRIFICE

Paris, June 11 (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The gallantry and self sacrifice of aviators is illustrated in the story of a captain-observer and his protector-pilot who have just escaped death after a perilous flight in Lorraine.

The captain was assigned to observation duty only, with a pilot as protector in a swift Spad accompanying him to guard against enemy attack. The attack materialized quickly enough, but so suddenly that the pilot could not warn the intent captain, and so quietly that the captain did not notice the three German machines that came swooping down from far above.

The pilot saw at once that there was but one way to save the unconscious and absorbed captain—by drawing the attack upon himself—

PUBLISHER'S REPORT Of the Condition of the Oklahoma State Bank

Ada, Okla.
June 29th, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$626,089.07
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,311.15
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc.	2,786.22
Banking House	10,451.52
Liberty Bonds	37,450.00
Other Real Estate owned	17.71
Due from Banks	113,592.00
Checks and other Cash Items	2,044.09
U. S. Treasury Certificates	17,000.00
Bills of Exchange	3,021.64
Cash in Bank	18,382.30
TOTAL	\$832,155.70

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus Fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	28,868.02
Due to Banks	29,911.96
Individual deposits subject to check	644,641.31
Time Certificates of deposit	96,785.79
Cashier's Checks outstanding	11,516.97
Notes and Bills Rediscounted	35,431.65
Bills Payable	25,000.00
TOTAL	\$832,155.70

State of Oklahoma,
County of Pontotoc, ss.

I, L. A. ELLISON, Cashier of the above named Bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief so help me God.

L. A. ELLISON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of July, 1918.
(SEAL) H. J. HUDDLESTON,
Notary Public.

My Commission expires Oct. 20, 1920.

Correct—Attest
C. H. RIVES,
H. P. REICH,
R. W. ALLEN, Directors.

and this he did. His Spad machine was soon shot through with bullets despite his utmost efforts, and in no time has was twirling earthward. The captain had been attracted by the machine gun fire and was making rapidly for the French lines in his slower machine.

The German attacking machines, seeing the Spad apparently hopelessly disabled went after the observer's airplane. They never succeeded in catching up with it. The captain was mourning the loss of his friend, the pilot, when a telephone message informed him that the latter had landed safely within the French lines.

Despite his almost certain sacrifice he had been able, when within a short distance of the ground, to straighten himself out, and fly just over the tree tops, unhindered by furious enemy fire, to a point just within the French lines. His airplane after landing was viciously shelled by the Germans.

A drowsy, half-sick, discouraged feeling is caused by a torpid liver and impurities in the stomach and bowels. Prickly Ash Bitters is a prompt and efficient remedy. Try it. Price \$1.25 per bottle.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

FRANCIS.

Everything is needing rain very badly and the corn is being injured from the dry weather. If it does not rain very soon the crop will be cut very short.

W. P. Chism has had the stairway to his telephone building repaired and it is now in good condition so people can pass up to the central office.

Benedum & Trees are shipping about four cars of oil a week and the prospects are very good for an increase. It is reported that the old well out there is increasing in production.

The last excitement in town last Saturday evening when two of our citizens with a pugilistic turn of mind tried their muscular power on the Holman corner. These gentlemen had their fun Saturday and the city officials had theirs Monday.

Everything in a business way is dull here now on account of the hot dry weather.

There is but little said about the refinery that was to be erected here. The company, we suppose, is keeping everything in the dark.

Have you a Musical Car?

Does it squeak and wheeze, and whistle every time you run it out? Then run it over here and let's see what's the matter. It may need HAVOLINE OIL and Havoline Greases.

F. A. FORD

D. G. HART OF WEWOKA FOR DISTRICT JUDGE

Judge D. G. Hart of Wewoka, authorizes the News to announce his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of District Judge of the Seventh Judicial District composed of Pontotoc and Seminole counties.

Judge Hart is a native of South Carolina, coming from the same section in which Congressman McKeeven was reared. For the past fifteen years he has been a resident of Oklahoma, coming here full of energy and an ambition to make good in the world. He has resided in this judicial district the past five years and has attained marked success as a lawyer and two years ago was elected to the first office he ever sought, County Judge of Seminole county. In this capacity he has given eminent proof of his ability as a jurist and his capability of filling the position to which he now aspires. He promises to deal impartially with both the state and the people, elected, and do his utmost to discharge the duties of the office with dispatch.

PUBLISHER'S REPORT of the Condition of the

FARMERS STATE BANK
OF ADA, OKLAHOMA
JUNE 29, 1918

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$115,769.55
Other securities	4,277.81
Stocks, Bonds	
Warrants, Etc.	3,811.10
Furniture and Fixtures	3,249.80
Other Real Estate Owned	1,300.00
Due from Banks	37,776.80
Checks and other Cash Items	2,790.83
Other Resources	264.26
Cash in Bank	11,327.67
TOTAL	\$181,067.82

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock Paid in	\$15,000.00
Due to Banks	7,500.00
Individual Deposits subject to check	105,445.96
Time Certificates of deposit	19,316.81
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,139.55
Notes and Bills Rediscounted	32,665.50
TOTAL	\$181,067.82

State of Oklahoma,
County of Pontotoc, ss.
I, M. McCain, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, so help me God.

M. McCain, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of July, 1918.

H. P. SUGG,
Notary Public.
My commission expires Sept. 30, 1919.
RALPH R. CAIN,
E. J. MALLORY, Directors.



Oil Producers Cannot Do Their Utmost to Win the War if Prohibitive and Unjust Taxation Prevails

If any class of men in America have thrown themselves, their resources and energies wholeheartedly into the serious business of winning the war, it has been the oil producers. They have told Uncle Sam: "We are with you to the last dollar and the last man." They have invested lavishly in all the Liberty bond issues—in War Savings stamps—and have given on an even grander scale to the American Red Cross. Practically all of the big producing companies while cheerfully paying from 30 to 60 percent of their earnings in income and profit taxes, have placed their entire energies, resources and abilities at the service of the nation, to produce the oil vital to win the war. To a man, they believe that the utmost they can do is not enough to do in a time like this. But they are blocked from doing even as much as the government asks, by state laws which put an unjust, unfair and prohibitive tax burden upon the industry.

Burdensome Taxation Heaped On By the State Not Only Unfair But Wholly Unnecessary

If your property was taxed at 100 percent of its value while other property in the state was taxed at only 50 percent to 60 percent of its value, you'd think it unfair, wouldn't you? If at the same time you were taxed on 100 percent of the value of your property at a rate of 30 mills while other property-holders were required to pay at only 20 mills or in some cases as low as 5 mills, you'd protest wouldn't you? Put yourself in the position of the oil producer. The above comparison is exactly the condition that exists. It is heaped upon the industry by politicians, expecting the applause of the public because they claimed it would reduce taxes for the rest of the people. That in itself was not honorable and honorable men would not approve of so selfish and unfair a law. But taxes were not reduced to others and moreover the last legislature spent more than \$6,000,000 wastefully and extravagantly simply because the money had been extorted from the oil industry and was available.

Even in Peace Times Present Discriminatory Tax Laws Are Bad—In War Almost Treasonable!

The oil business is extremely hazardous. If it has produced gigantic wealth it is because great risks were taken. Its losses offset the gains so that as a whole it is comparable to any other industry from profit standpoint. To burden it with exorbitant taxation at any time, is to retard or prevent development. To do so in time of war, when America looks to Oklahoma for at least one-third of the vitally needed production is almost treasonable. And remember, national taxes and bond investments required at this time make unfair state taxation more than many of the largest producers can stand.

MID-CONTINENT OIL & GAS ASSOCIATION



BUSINESS LIKE MEN FOR THE STATE HOUSE

MONEY TO LOAN

The Georgia State Savings Association has ample funds to loan on good, well located city property in Ada; good contract, pay-by-the-month plan. On a long time loan of \$1000.00 you can save approximately \$100.00 on our plan of payments. Come in and let's talk it over.

J. G. WITHERSPOON

(119 S. Broadway)

FARM LOANS—INSURANCE—REAL ESTATE

TO-DAY LIBERTY TO-DAY

U. S. A. Girls

Featuring Jimmie Allard, the funny comedian and Fred Fauntleroy, the One String Fiddler, Ada's own product, with a big singing, dancing beauty chorus.

14—PERFORMERS—14

Always the Best Always the Best

Picture Program

A Dramatic Treat Extraordinary. Featuring Little Zoe Ray, in "Danger Within." It's a Bluebird.

Prices 10 and 30c

Fine Japanese Paper. Japanese native-made paper is not surpassed anywhere in the world. It is used for the finest books. The paper both of Atami, from which durable nothing is made, indicates not only the strength, but the variety of uses to which the native paper of Japan can be put. None of the Atami paper cloth is sent out of the country, owing to the large home consumption.

Don't forget the name of the remedy you need when the stomach or bowels are disordered. Prickly Ash Bitters quickly corrects such trouble, and makes you feel bright and cheerful. You should have a bottle at home all the time. It is the dose taken promptly that prevents sickness and expense. Price \$1.25 per bottle. Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

Your liberality in buying War Savings Stamps indicate that you are helping the boys "over there" on to Berlin.

PRINCESS

Wm. S. HART

—IN—

"The Bandit and The Preacher"

5 - PARTS - 5

OKLAHOMA CROP REPORT FOR JULY 1

Guthrie, Okla., July 9.—(Comments by J. E. Woodward, Field Agent, Bureau of Crop Estimates, amplifying the Bureau's crop report for Oklahoma as of July 1, 1918.)

Corn—There is a reduction in the acreage planted to corn as compared with last year, notably in the western and north central portions of the state, no doubt due to the near failure for the past two years. The acreage is fully maintained with a slight tendency to increase in the southern and eastern sections. The supplanting of corn acreage in western sections for more dependable feed crops is evident. The crop suffered considerably during the month of June from the effects of intense heat and some hot winds, however, it had not generally tasseled at the time of most intense heat, from the 15th to 24th of the month, so that the light but rather general rains about the 29th and 30th revived the crop to some extent and some corn, with favorable weather conditions the remainder of the season, may turn out a fair yield. The outlook for the crop generally is discouraging because of the general absence of submoisture. Corn that tasseled by the 24th of the month was practically ruined in central and western sections.

Wheat—Harvest was generally completed during the month of June and threshing was well under way towards the latter part of the month. The crop in the north central section of the state, or the main wheat belt, is turning out fully up to expectations, both in yield per acre and quality. The yields and tests are running especially high in Garfield, Grant, Kay and Alfalfa counties. The crop in the southwestern section is more disappointing than indicated last month. Many acres of wheat were not harvested at all because of thin stands, short straw and heads and poor quality and with yields not exceeding one bushel per acre made it impractical to attempt harvesting. Dry weather in other western sections particularly the northwest, made yields exceedingly light. The Bureau's estimate of the average yield per acre will be announced August 8th.

Oats—The oats harvest was practically completed by the end of the month in all sections of the state and threshing and marketing well under way in eastern and southern districts. The yields are fully up to expectations and the quality in the heavier producing sections is good.

Cotton—The Bureau of Crop Estimates made public on July 2 the report showing for Oklahoma a growing condition of 90 per cent as against 88 per cent a month ago, 74 per cent June 25, 1917, and 80 per cent for a ten year average. The acreage planted to cotton this year increased 3 per cent over 1917, showing for the preliminary estimate 3,161,000 acres which, after deducting 1 per cent from planted area for abandonment, forecasts a crop of approximately 1,266,000 bales and compares with 953,944 in 1917; 822,579 in 1916; 639,626 in 1915 and 1,262,176 in 1914, the largest crop ever produced in this state. The final outcome, of course, will depend upon the growing condition throughout the remainder of the season. Excellent progress was made during the month in cleaning out the crop and cultivation was good. There has been ample surface moisture in all sections of the state with the possible exception of the southwestern district but the crop has not suffered there.

Miscellaneous—The intense heat and dry weather last month, though excellent for the wheat and oat harvest, caused some deterioration, particularly in the central and western districts, in hay, pastures, forage crops and broom corn, the rains the latter part of June, however, generally distributed, furnished much relief. A tentative preliminary estimate places the grain sorghum acreage planted this year at about 1,527,000 acres or about 11 per cent increase over last year. The acreage of broom corn is about the same for the Lindsay district as a whole but reduced considerably in western and northwestern districts. There is a marked increase in the acreage of peanuts this year particularly in the central, south and southeastern districts. The second cutting of alfalfa was cured in generally excellent condition and the yields and quality probably surpassed the first crop. Dry weather will affect the yield of the third cutting.

JESSE HAPPENINGS. We have not had any rain in this part of the country for four weeks. Corn is damaged considerably and some is simply burned up.

Mr. Jim Thompson has been very ill for several days, but is improving slowly.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson and family from Ada visited Mr. and Mrs. Durham Sunday.

Rev. Wells from Texas is visiting his son, Walter Wells.

Brother Holland of Stonewall is conducting a revival meeting here at Jesse.

Today (Wednesday) is dipping day in this community.

Mrs. Wm. Elliott of Steedman is visiting relatives here this week.

Grandpa Sharrock was stricken with paralysis last week and is in a very serious condition.

Walter Wells purchased a new car last week.

Mrs. Lawyer of Rosedale, Mrs. Crane of Roff, Mrs. Farney and Mrs. Collins of Ada were visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sharrock, Sunday.

Quite a number of Jesse people attended the picnic at Ada.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Hubanks, who was very sick last week, is getting along nicely.

Get your adding machine paper at the News office.

OFFICIAL FOOD NEWS OF FEDERAL FOOD ADMINISTRATION

J. CECIL BROWN, Director of Education, Oklahoma City.

SUGAR CARDS NOT FOR THIS STATE

The country is not to be placed on a sugar card system by the food administration, according to announcement which has been made by Herbert Hoover. It is estimated that it would cost \$5,000,000 to put the holder on a ration card.

"We cannot afford the labor or the money," Mr. Hoover says, "and if householders will cooperate it can be avoided."

The retailers of Oklahoma will do their best not to sell more than three pounds of sugar a month for each person and Oklahomans are upon their honor not to use more.

All restaurants, hotels, boarding houses and other public eating houses who feed more than 25 persons a day are required to get a certificate from the state food administration. They must file reports with the administration not later than July 15. Bakers and retailers who handle sugar also must file reports with the administration, and failure to do so will mean that the sugar supply for the remainder of the year will be cut off.

WHICH CAMP?

America today is divided into two camps — Americans and Alien Enemy.

Those who are not for America are against her—enemies all.

Those who are idle, selfish or even indifferent are Aliens—alien to American interest.

Only the workers, "comrades in this great enterprise," bear the honored name—Americans.

WHAT PRISONERS EAT

The story that interned Germans in this country are being fed on the fat of the land while the American people are being asked to save wheat is pro-German propaganda. Germans interned in American detention camps are being well fed, but conservatism is also being practiced. All civilian German prisoners are made to observe rules and regulations of the Food Administration and they cannot consume more than one and one-half pounds of wheat per week. Military prisoners receive the regular United States Army garrison ration.

USE OF SUBSTITUTES

Good housekeepers know that weight for weight, the substitute flours and brans absorb the same amount of moisture and require the same measure as wheat flour. The new flours can be used in old recipes if the housekeeper substitutes equal weights for the wheat flour called for. One cup (four ounces) of wheat flour equals 1-1/3 cup barley flour; 1 cup corn flour; 1 cup fine corn meal; 4-5 cup coarse corn meal; 4-5 cup buckwheat; 4-5 cup rice flour; 4-5 cup hominy grits and 2-3 rolled oats ground. To make ground rolled oats run the rolled oats through your meat chopper.

CORN SYRUP FACTS

Corn syrup is an excellent substitute for sugar but is not so sweet. The same results may be had with it as with sugar if proper amounts are used. One cup sugar equals 1-3/4 cups syrup; 3-4 cup sugar equals 4-5 cup of syrup and one tablespoon of sugar equals one and three fifths tablespoons syrup. Half syrup and half sugar give better results in cooking than all syrup. With one cup of syrup use one-fourth cup less liquid.

FOOD BRIEFS

Good crops are brave promises to the allies.

Strengthen the "home front" with home grown food.

No man is rich enough to eat what his country needs.

Not "our bit" to thee all, but our best and our all.

Know your garden and make it produce a balanced ration.

Hit hard and quickly for all we have and are and hope to be.

If the American farmer doesn't furnish the food to win the war, the German farmer will.

While labor is short farmers must fight shoulder to shoulder, neighbor by neighbor where the battle is thick and hot.



Easy to Keep Cool

if you are ready for hot days with an

Emerson Fan

This small size is portable and adjustable; a small fan, but a real one, not stamped out of sheet metal. Costs almost nothing to run.

A five-year guarantee coupon with each Emerson fan.

Ada Electric & Gas Co. 119 South Broadway

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

The News is authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the respective offices named, subject to the Democratic Primary:

For State Senator: LUTHER HARRISON

For District Judge: J. W. BOLEN

D. G. HART

For County Attorney: WAYNE WADLINGTON.

For County Treasurer: D. W. SWAFFAR

For Sheriff: BOB DUNCAN (re-election)

I. R. GILMORE

For County Tax Assessor: NICK HEARD (Re-election)

For County Clerk: MILTON GARNER

Court Clerk: J. O. MCINN

For County Weigher: O. J. LEE (Re-election).

JOHN WARD

For County Judge: OREL BUSBY (Re-election)

J. O. COWART

For Representative: T. V. B. MULLINAX

M. L. CHAMBERS

W. H. EBEL

DATE CRAWFORD

For County Superintendent: A. FLOYD (Re-Election)

For Co. Commissioner, 1st District: W. H. BRUMLEY (Re-Elec.)

For County Commissioner (2nd Dist): R. L. MOSS

J. I. LAUGHLIN

W. B. SELFRIDGE

County Commissioner, 3rd Dist.—HENRY F. BIBB

W. H. BRENTS (Re-election)

For Constable, Ada Precinct: WALTER GOYNE

Re-Election)

LODGE DIRECTORY

A. F. & A. M. Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Saturday night on or before full moon in each month. JOHN THASHER, W. M. F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M. Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arc. Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month. E. A. MCILLAN, H. P. F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

K. T. M. Ada Commandery No. 16, Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday of each month. C. G. BRADFORD, D. E. C. F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

W. O. W. Ada Camp, No. 568, meets every Tuesday night, I. O. O. F. Hall 7:30 o'clock. HUGH BENNETT, C. O. C. E. CUNNING, Clerk.

B. P. O. E. Ada Lodge No. 1275, B. P. O. E. Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays in each month. H. P. REICH, E. R. E. S. HARAWAY, Sec.

I. O. O. F. Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting every Tuesday night. FRANK ARNETT, N. G. H. C. EVANS, Sec'y.

The O. E. S. Chapter No. 78. Regular meetings on the Second and Fourth Thursday nights. MRS. MINNIE WILLY, W. M. C. G. BRADFORD, Sec'y.

Teachers' Examination. Teachers' examination will be held at the East Central State Normal July 18, 19 and 20.—A. Floyd, County Superintendent. 7-10-3rd-11w

Cleaning and Dyeing. Ada's leading pressing, dyeing and cleaning establishment; superior work; Nagle, the Tailor; phone 26. 7-9-4td



HUGBO VACUUM CLEANER. Cleaner and Sweeper combined. This Cleaner in the home lifts the burden of heavy work from the housewife's shoulders. \$7.50 to \$8.50.

JACKSON BROS.

Let us tell you where to buy your Liberty Bonds and Thrift Stamps

BUY YOUR

COAL

OF US—TERMS CASH

Ada Ice & Cold Storage Co.

PHONE 29

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. CATHERINE THREKELD County Health Officer Over Surprise Store Day and Night Telephone 577

Office Phone 1 Res. Phone 125 ISHAM L. CUMMINGS Physician and Surgeon X-Ray and Electro-Therapy Laboratory Office Just East of M. & P. Bank

T. H. Granger Ed Granger Phone 269 Phone 477 GRANGER & GRANGER Dentists Phone 212

Norris-Haney Building 1st Stairway West of Rollow's Corner

F. C. SIMS Real Estate, Fire and Tornado Insurance—Farms and City Loans A share of your patronage is solicited and will receive prompt attention Office in I. O. O. F. Building

J. W. SHELTON & CO. EMBALMERS AND UNDERTAKERS Auto Ambulance Lungmotive 115 East Main St., Ada, Okla. Phone 618 Open Day and Night

W. D. Faust M. L. Lewis Res. Phone 81 Res. Phone 133 DR. FAUST & LEWIS PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS Office and Faust Hospital, over Surprise Store. Office Phone 80

JOSEPH ANDERSON Justice of the Peace and Notary Public Your business solicited, prompt attention given Court House Phone 207

Office Phone 51. Res. Phone 530 DR. F. R. LAIRD DENTIST Office First National Bank Bldg. Ada, Okla.

DR. C. A. THOMAS VETERINARY SURGEON Office at Hospital Phones: Office 306. Residence 243

G. T. BLANKENSHIP & CO. LICENSED EMBALMERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS. MODERN AUTO EQUIPMENT. 203 East Main St. Ada, Okla. Office Phone 692. Res. Phone 657 Open Day and Night

COUNTY SURVEYOR B. F. BATES Office with County Clerk. Open on Mondays

DOCTORS MORRISON & COOPER CHIROPRACTORS Consultations and Examinations Free Phone 85. 113-1-2 W. 12th St. Ada, Oklahoma

NO WAR PRICES AT THIS PLACE McCULLY BARBECUE RESTAURANT BARBECUE AND SHORT ORDERS 202 EAST MAIN STREET ADA, OKLAHOMA Barbecue at 35 cents and 40 cents a Pound. Bring your Buckets and get plenty of Gravy

DR. M. J. BEETS Osteopathic Physician Treats both acute and chronic diseases. Calls day or night. Also have installed Sulphur Vapor Baths. Consultation and Examination Free. Phones 782 and 651 Office Over First National Bank

ABRAM C. CHANEY LAWYER Will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to him. Rollow Bldg., Ada, Okla.

For the convenience of the public the News is carrying on sale a supply of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

OUTWITTING THE HUN

CHAPTER XIII.

Five Days in an Empty House.

The five days I spent in that house seemed to me like five years. During all that time I had very little to eat—less in fact than I had been getting in the fields. I did not feel it so bad, perhaps, because of the fact that I was no longer exposed to the other privations which before had combined to make my condition so wretched. I now had a good place to sleep, at any rate, and I did not wake every half hour or so as I had been accustomed to do in the fields and woods, and, of course, my hunger was not aggravated by the physical exertions which had been necessary before.

Nevertheless, perhaps because I had more time now to think of the hunger-pains which were gnawing at me all the time, I don't believe I was ever so miserable as I was at that period of my adventure. I felt so mean towards the world I would have committed murder, I think, with very little provocation.

German soldiers were passing the house at all hours of the day. I watched them hour after hour from the



I Rummaged the House Many Times.

keyhole of the door—to have shown myself at the window was out of the question because the house in which I was concealed was supposed to be untenanted.

Because of the fact that I was unable to speak either Flemish or German I could not go out and buy food, although I still had the money with which to do it. That was one of the things that galled me—the thought that I had the wherewithal in my jeans to buy all the food I needed and yet no way of getting it without endangering my liberty and life.

At night, however, after it was dark, I would steal quietly out of the house to see what I could pick up in the way of food. By that time, of course, the streets were closed, but I secured the scraps of food and occasionally got up courage enough to appeal to Belgian peasants whom I met on the streets, and in that way I managed to keep body and soul together.

It was quite apparent to me, however, that I was worse off in the city than I had been in the fields, and I decided to get out of that house just as soon as I knew definitely that Huytger had made up his mind to do nothing further for me.

When I was not at the keyhole of the door I spent most of my day on the top floor in a room which looked out on the street. By keeping well away from the window I could see much of what was going on without being seen myself. In my restlessness, I used to walk back and forth in that room and I kept it up so constantly that I believe I must have worn a path in the floor. It was nine steps from one wall to the other, and as I had little else to amuse me I figured out one day after I had been pacing up and down for several hours just how much distance I would have covered on my way to Holland if my footsteps had been taken in that direction instead of just up and down that old room. I was very much surprised to find that in three hours I crossed the room no less than 5,000 times and the distance covered was between nine and ten miles. It was not very gratifying to realize that after walking all that distance I wasn't a step nearer my goal than when I started, but I had to do something while waiting for Huytger to help me, and pacing up and down was a natural outlet for my restlessness.

While looking out of the top floor window one day, I noticed a cat on a window ledge of the house across the street. I had a nice piece of a broken mirror which I had picked up in the house and I used it to amuse myself for an hour at a time shining it in the cat's eyes across the street. At first the animal was annoyed by the reflection and would move away, only to come back a few moments later. By and by, however, it seemed to get used to the glare and wouldn't budge no matter how strong the sunlight was. Playing with the cat in this way got me into the habit of watching her

comings and goings and was, indirectly, the means of my getting food a day or two later—at a time when I was so famished that I was ready to do almost anything to appease my hunger.

It was about 7 o'clock in the evening. I was expecting Huytger at 8, but I hadn't the slightest hope that he would bring me food, as he had told me that he wouldn't take the risk of having food in his possession when called on by me. I was standing at the window in such a way that I could see what was going on in the street without being observed by those who passed by, when I noticed my friend, the cat, coming down the steps of the opposite house with something in his mouth. Without considering the risks I ran, I opened the front door, ran down the steps and across the street, and pounced on that cat before it could get away with its supper, for that, as I had imagined, was what I had seen in its mouth. It turned out to be a piece of stewed rabbit, which I confiscated eagerly and took back with me to the house.

Perhaps I felt a little sorry for the cat, but I certainly had no qualms about eating the animal's dinner. I was much too hungry to dwell upon niceties, and a piece of stewed rabbit was certainly too good for a cat to eat when a man was starving. I ate and enjoyed it and the incident suggested to me a way in which I might possibly obtain food again when all other avenues failed.

From my place of concealment I frequently saw huge carts being pushed through the streets gathering potato peelings, refuse of cabbage and similar food remnants, which, in America, are considered garbage and destroyed. In Belgium they were using this "garbage" to make their bread out of, and while the idea may sound revolting to us, the fact is that the Germans have brought these things down to such a science that the bread they make this way is really very good to eat. I know it would have been like cake to me when I was in need of food; indeed I would have eaten the "garbage" direct, let alone the bread.

Although, as I have said, I suffered greatly from hunger while occupying this house, there were one or two things I observed through the keyhole or from the windows which made me laugh, and some of the incidents that occurred during my voluntary imprisonment were really funny.

From the keyhole I could see, for instance, a shop window on the other side of the street, several houses down the block. All day long German soldiers would be passing in front of the house and I noticed that practically every one of them would stop in front of this store window and look in. Occasionally a soldier on duty bent would hurry past, but I think nine out of ten of them were sufficiently interested to spend at least a minute, and some of them three or four minutes gazing at whatever was being exhibited in that window, although I noticed that it failed to attract the Belgians.

I have a considerable streak of curiosity in me, and I couldn't help wondering what it could be in that window which almost without exception seemed to interest German soldiers but failed to hold the Belgians, and after conjuring my brains for a while on the problem I came to the conclusion that the shop must have been a book-shop and the window contained German magazines, which, naturally enough, would be of the greatest interest to the Germans but of none to the Belgians.

At any rate I resolved that as soon as night came I would go out and investigate the window. When I got the answer I laughed so loud that I was afraid for the moment I must have attracted the attention of the neighbors, but I couldn't help it. The window was filled with huge quantities of sausage! The store was a butcher shop and one of the principal things they sold apparently was sausage. The display they made, although it consisted merely of sausages piled in the window, certainly had plenty of "pulling" power. It "pulled" nine Germans out of ten out of their course and indirectly "pulled" me right across the street! The idea of those Germans being so interested in that window display as to stand in front of the window for two, three or four minutes at a time, however, certainly seemed funny to me, and when I got back to the house I sat at the keyhole again and found just as much interest as before in watching the Germans stop in their tracks when they reached the window, even though I was now aware what the attraction was.

One of my chief occupations during these days was catching flies. I would catch a fly, put him in a spider's web (there were plenty of them in the old house), and sit down for the spider to come down and get him. But always I pictured myself in the same predicament and rescued the fly just as the spider was about to grab him. Several times when things were dull I was tempted to see the tragedy through, but perhaps the same Providence that guided me safely through all perils was guarding, too, the destiny of those flies, for I always weakened and the flies never did suffer from my lust for amusement.

The house was well supplied with books—in fact, one of the choicest libraries I think I ever saw—but they were all written either in Flemish or French. I could read no Flemish or very little French. I might have made a little headway with the latter, but the books all seemed too deep for me and I gave it up. There was one thing though that I did read and reread from beginning to end; that was a New York Herald which must have arrived just about the time war was declared. Several things in this in-

terested me, and particularly the baseball scores, which I studied with as much care as a real fan possibly could an up-to-date score. I couldn't refrain from laughing when I came to an account of Zimmerman (of the Cubs) being benched for some spat with the umpire, and it afforded me just as much interest three years after it had happened—perhaps more—than some current item of world-wide interest had at that time.

I rummaged the house many times from cellar to garret in my search for something to eat, but the harvest of three years of war had made any success along that line impossible. I was like the man out in the ocean in a boat and thirsty with water everywhere but not a drop to drink.

I was tempted while in the city to go to church one Sunday, but my better judgment told me it would be a useless risk. Of course, someone would surely say something to me and I didn't know how many Germans would be there or what might happen, so I gave up that idea.

During all the time I was concealed in this house I saw but one automobile and that was a German staff officer's. That same afternoon I had one of the frights of my young life.

I had been gazing out of the keyhole as usual when I heard coming down the street the measured tread of German soldiers. It didn't sound like very many, but there was no doubt in my mind that German soldiers were marching down the street. I went upstairs and peeked through the window and sure enough a squad of German infantry was coming down the street accompanied by a military motor truck. I hadn't the slightest idea that they were coming after me, but still the possibilities of the situation gave me more or less alarm, and I considered how I could make my escape by chance I was the man they were after. The idea of hiding in the wine cellar appealed to me as the most practical; there must have been plenty of places among the wine kegs and cases where a man could conceal himself, but as a matter of fact, I did not believe that any such contingency would arise.

The marching soldiers came nearer, I could hear them at the next house. In a moment I would see them pass the keyhole through which I was looking.

"Halt!" At the word of command shouted by a junior officer the squad came to attention right in front of the house!

I waited no longer. Running down the stairs I flew into the wine cellar and although it was almost pitch dark—the only light coming from a grating which led to the backyard—I soon found a satisfactory hiding place in the extreme rear of the cellar. I had had the presence of mind to leave the door of the wine cellar ajar, figuring that if the soldiers found a closed door they would be more apt to search for a fugitive behind it than if the door were open.

My decision to get away from that front door had been made and carried out none too soon, for I had only just located myself between two big wine cases when I heard the tramp of soldiers' feet marching up the front stoop, a crash at the front door, a few hasty words of command which I did not understand, and then the noise of scurrying feet from room to room and such a banging and hammering and smashing and crashing that I could not make out what was going on.

If Huytger had revealed my hiding place to the Huns, as I was now confident he had, I felt that there was lit-



"I Figured I Could Put Up a Good Fight."

tle prospect of their overlooking me. They would search the house from top to bottom and, if necessary, raze it to the ground before they would give up the search. To escape from the house through the backyard through the iron grating, which I had no doubt I could force, seemed to be the logical thing to do, but the chances were that the Huns had thrown a cordon around the entire block before the squad was sent to the house. The Germans do these things in an efficient manner always. They take nothing for granted.

At any rate I seemed to be to stand

pat in the hope that the officer in charge might possibly come to the conclusion that he had arrived at the house too late—that the bird had flown.

My position in that wine cellar was anything but a comfortable one. Rats and mice were scurrying across the floor and the smashing and crashing going on overhead was anything but promising. Evidently those soldiers imagined that I ought to be hiding in the walls, for it sounded as though they were tearing off the wainscoting, the picture molding and, in fact, everything that they could tear or pull apart.

Before very long they would finish their search upstairs and would come down to the basement. What they would do when they discovered the wine I had no idea. Perhaps they would let themselves loose on it and give me my chance. With a bottle of wine in each hand I figured I could put up a good fight in the dark, especially as I was becoming more and more accustomed to it and could begin to distinguish things here and there, whereas when they entered the pitchy darkness of the cellar, they would be as blind as bats in the sun.

Perhaps it was twenty minutes before I heard what sounded like my death-knell to me; the soldiers were coming down the cellar steps! I clutched a wine bottle in each hand and waited with b-

(To be Continued)

City News

Say it with flowers.

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

See Warren and See Better.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Have your Photo made at West's.

Forty-cent plate lunch—Schrieber's.

Nice peaches—J. D. Cole, Phone 525.

G. Montgomery was a passenger to Centrahoma this morning.

Judge U. G. Winn left this afternoon on a business trip to Miami.

Miss Gussie Levin left this afternoon for a short sojourn at Sulphur.

Miss Mary West, who visited relatives here, returned to Wapanucka this morning.

Mrs. M. M. Davis of Lake Charles, La., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Luther Harrison.

Mrs. M. E. Hammett and son, Tom, returned to Calvin, Okla., where they are making their home.

F. W. Meaders and children left Wednesday for Ladonia and other points in Texas, making the trip in their car.

Miss Willie Pigford, who visited her sister, Mrs. T. W. Rowzee, left for her home at Meridian, Miss., this afternoon.

Mrs. I. H. Van Eaton and two children of Stonewall, her mother, Mrs. Smith, and Carl Browall left today for Colorado in an auto.

George Fentem of the Medical Corps, Base Hospital of Fort Sill is at home on sick leave. George will be here for fifteen days.

J. W. Owen, who has been conducting a Masonic school of instruction, was called to his home at Tipton this afternoon by illness in his family.

J. I. Paisley, brother of Mmes. M. E. Hammett and V. Hayley, left today for New York and will sail shortly for France where he will be engaged in V. M. C. A. work.

Mrs. R. E. Haynes and son Floyd returned Wednesday from Nashville, Tenn., where Mrs. Haynes visited relatives and where Floyd has been at work since the close of his last school term.

Captain A. S. J. Smith of the Medical Reserve Corps, who, with his two nieces, Mable and Pauline Smith, has been visiting his cousin, Mrs. Laura Blackburn, for a few days, returned Wednesday to his duties at Camp Pike, where he is an officer in the base hospital.

The plays and games evening at the normal has been postponed from this evening until tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. This is especially for the children from six to fourteen and will be under direction of Miss Jones. All parents invited to be present.

Speaking of magic cities, R. W. Simpson is of the opinion that Florence and Sheffield, Alabama, leads the bunch. The government recently began the erection of a nitrogen plant at Mussel Shoals, on the Tennessee river, and now has 18,000 men at work. These with their families dropping down almost without notice have made that region about the busiest in the United States.

ITALIANS ADVANCE IN ALBANIA

(By the Associated Press)

London, July 11.—Italian troops in the Albanian offensive continue to advance, says a dispatch from Rome to the Central News Agency. The Austro-Hungarians are falling back on the Skumbi river, twenty miles from Berat.

PRINCESS

Wm. S. Hart is featured in the five-part drama, *The Bandit and the Preacher*. It's a most excellent story and a splendid cast used in its production.

LIBERTY

The U. S. A. Girls will present their opening program this evening. Among the striking features will be Jimmie Allard, the comedian, and Fred Faunt Le Roy with his one-string fiddle. The picture program presents the stirring drama, *Danger Within*, featuring Zoe Ray.

KERMIT ROOSEVELT DOWNS A GERMAN AIRPLANE.

With American Forces on Marce,

WANT ADS

LOST

LOST—In north or east part of town, or Colbert School house road north of Ada, one wire wheel with Good-year non-skid tire, 34x4, from Jeffery-Nash automobile. Return to Grant Irwin's garage and get reward from Wayne Waddington, Owner. 7-6-7td—1tw

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—5 room house on E. 16th. Phone 58. 7-10-2t

FOR RENT—Rooms. 506 East 12th St. Phone 383. 7-11-3t*

FOR RENT—Well furnished light housekeeping rooms. Phone 690. 7-11-1t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 423 East 9th. 7-10-3t

FOR RENT—Two office rooms in Alarich building July 1. Phone 714. 6-27-tf

FOR RENT—Light house-keeping rooms. 14th and Broadway.—Mrs. Banks. 7-10-2t

FOR RENT—Southeast front room, close in, near good boarding place. 106 East 13th. 7-11-3t*

FOR RENT—Rooms for light house-keeping. Also bed rooms, 201 West 13th.—Mrs. S. M. White. 6-8-tf

FOR RENT—Modern down town apartments and rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply to O. E. Parker. 7-1-4t

FOR RENT—New five room modern cottage with garage on 13th and Francis near normal. \$25.00.—A. D. Coon. 7-11-3t

FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping.—Mrs. R. O. Lawrence, 500 South Townsend. 7-11-tf

FOR RENT—Nice furnished room downstairs, suitable for couple of ladies or gentlemen. 428 East 12th. Phone 362. 7-11-tf

WANTED

WANTED—Sewing, any kind. Prices right. Phone 550. 7-11-6t

WANTED—Your cleaning and pressing. Miller Bros. 3-1-tf

WANTED—White woman to do washing at house; no ironing. Phone Mrs. P. A. Norris. 7-10-3t

WANTED—To trade mule for horse and to pay cash for good buggy and harness.—C. O. Barton. 7-11-3t

WANTED—A few cattle to pasture, North Oak, just outside city. Plenty good spring water.—R. J. Lewis. 7-9-5t*

WANTED—Position by young lady with five years' experience in general office work. Typist, cost accounting and telephone operator. Can furnish references. Address Box 144. Francis, Oklahoma. 7-11-2t*

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—2 room house, and cov. \$17 West 8th. 7-11-2t*

FOR SALE—Hay barn. You make the price.—J. A. Biles. 7-10-4t*

FOR SALE—Young Jersey cow, also good bicycle, almost new. Phone 704. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—24 hens and rooster, thoroughbred Plymouth Rocks. Telephone 765. 8-10-tf

FOR SALE—Crop and 3 cows, 6 miles north of Ada.—L. M. Keith, Rt. 3, Ada, Oklahoma. 7-11-10d*

FOR SALE—One Chevrolet Roadster. Good condition. Will sell cheap. Call Telephone 14. 7-8-tf

FOR SALE—6-Room House, good well, city water in house, well located. Bargain if taken at once. Phone 534. 7-10-4t*

MISCELLANEOUS

FARM for sale or trade for Ada property. See W. E. Scott at Snow White Barber Shop. 7-10-5t

July 11.—Lieutenant Roosevelt, the youngest son of former President Roosevelt, brought down his first German airplane this afternoon in a fight north of Chateau-Thierry.

Lieutenant Roosevelt with three other pilots, was flying at a height of 5,000 yards, eight miles inside the German lines when the machines became separated.

Soon afterward Roosevelt saw 3 planes which he thought were his companions and started to join them. He was close approaching the machines from the rear when he saw his mistake, for the planes were German.

Roosevelt immediately opened fire, and after fifty shots tracers penetrated the fuselage of the nearest German machine and it went into a spinning nose dive, falling through the clouds 2,000 yards below.

The Lieutenant is certain it must have crashed, for no pilot voluntarily goes into a 2,000-yard spinning nose dive. The two remaining German airplanes attacked Roosevelt, but he managed to make good his escape and return to the field, himself and his machine unscathed.

Contagion. Lots of things are contagious besides smallpox—smiles, frowns, kind deeds, evil temper, fault-finding. What kind of contagion do you carry around?



Hat Specials,

To be completely dressed you should wear one of our panamas. Hot days give need for these hats. We have a fine line for you to select from and our prices are such that you can see real bargains in them.

\$5.00 values in different shapes to suit your taste \$3.95
\$3.50 values that cannot be duplicated now for the same money \$2.95
\$2.50 straw hats, classy styles and shapes, \$1.95
One lot of odd sizes but good shapes— 95c
\$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 values for
Sunshade hats for all; prices range from 15 cents to fifty cents.

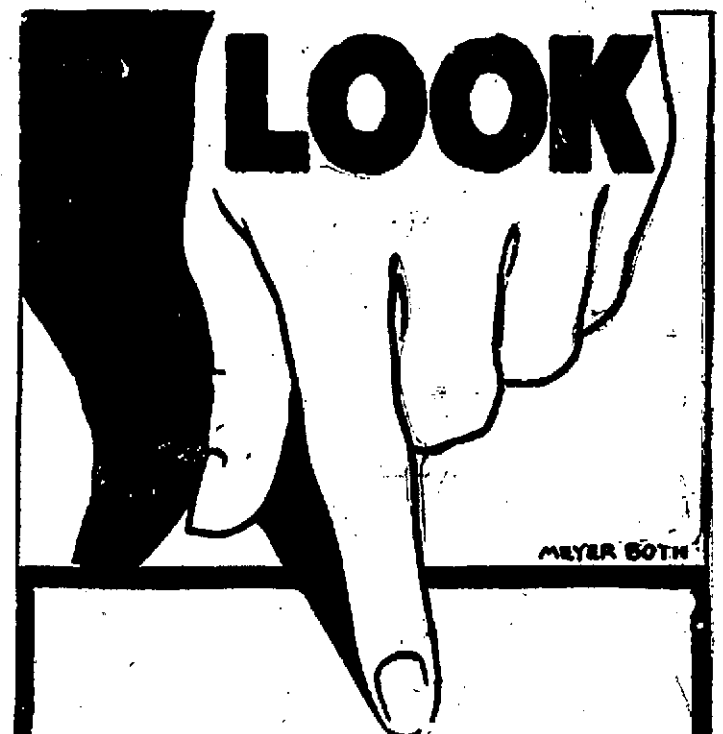
MOSER'S DEPARTMENT STORE

JEWS ARE TO BE DRIVEN FROM FINLAND BEFORE SEPT. 30 (By the Associated Press)

Stockholm, July 11.—The Finnish government has ordered all Jews expelled from Finland before Sept. 30 and has instructed all communities

to deny food to Jews after that date, according to reports reaching the Jewish press bureau here.

I have some nice Belgian Hares for sale. Phone 625. Joe Rushing, 7-10-tf



TWO BEAUTIFUL LOTS TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER

We will sell to the highest bidder lots 5 and 6 in block 6 College Addition.

Sale will be conducted at 2 o'clock P. M., on the lots Saturday, July 13th.

We postponed this sale for the reason that it would conflict with the sale on the Dan Hays lots, which were offered for sale on the 6th inst.

The above lots are immediately across the street west from the site selected for the new home of the president of the East Central State Normal, which we understand, when completed, will cost approximately \$9,000.00.

Ride out and look these lots over, they are located on the corner of Francis Ave. and 13th street. They have our "For Sale" sign on them.

Terms: Half Cash, balance October 15th.

McKinley & Finley

Douglas Bldg., 115 1-2 East Main
Phone 25

Foot Aches

Nyal's Eas'em relieves tired aching feet—25c.
Fairy Foot Bunion Remedy instantly relieves the most painful Bunions.—\$1.00 the Box.
Nyal's Corn Reliever—25c.

Ada Drug Co.

Roy Saffarans, Mgr.
Let us fill that Next Prescription